Prefixes And Suffixes

<u>Prefixes</u> and <u>suffixes</u> are sets of letters that are added to the beginning or end of another word. They are not words in their own right and cannot stand on their own in a sentence: if they are printed on their own they have a <u>hyphen</u> before or after them.

Prefixes

Prefixes are added to the beginning of an existing word in order to create a new word with a different meaning. For example:

word	prefix	new word
happy	un-	unhappy
cultural	multi-	multicultural
work	over-	<u>overwork</u>
space	cyber-	cyberspace
market	super-	supermarket

Here is the list of common <u>prefixes</u> in English with their meaning: **a-, an-**

Meaning: without, lack of, not

ante-

Meaning: before, earlier, in front of

anti-

Meaning: against, opposite of

auto-

Meaning: self, same

circum-

Meaning: around, about

co-

Meaning: with, together

com-, con-

Meaning: together, with

contra-, contro-

Meaning: against, opposite

de-

Meaning: down, off, away from

dis-

Meaning: not, apart, away

en-

Meaning: put into, cover with

ex-

Meaning: out of, from, former

extra-

Meaning: beyond, outside, more than

hetero-

Meaning: different, other

homo-, homeo-

Meaning: same, alike

hyper-

Meaning: over, more, beyond

il-, im-, in-, ir-

Meaning: not, without

inter-

Meaning: between, among

intra-, intro-

Meaning: within, inside

macro-

Meaning: large, prominent

micro-

Meaning: very small

mono-

Meaning: one, single, alone

non-

Meaning: not, without

omni-

Meaning: all, every

post-

Meaning: after, behind

pre-, pro-

Meaning: before, forward

sub-

Meaning: under, lower

sym-, syn-

Meaning: same time, together

tele-

Meaning: from or over a distance

trans-

Meaning: across, beyond, through

tri-

Meaning: three, every third

un-

Meaning: not, lacking, opposite of

uni-

Meaning: one, single

up-

Meaning: to the top or north, higher/better

Suffixes

Suffixes are added to the end of an existing word. For example:

Here is the list of common <u>suffixes</u> in English with their meaning: **-age**

Meaning: A result

-ance

Meaning: An action or state

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-ant

Meaning: A person

-ee

Meaning: A person

-ence

Meaning: An action or state

-er/or

Meaning: A person

-ery

Meaning: A type or place of work

-ess

Meaning: Makes a feminine form

-ful

Meaning: As much as will fill

-ing

Meaning: An action or result

-ion

Meaning: A process, state or result

-ism

Meaning: A belief or condition

-able

Meaning: Able to be

-en

• Meaning: Made of

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-ible

Meaning: Ability

-ish

Meaning: A little

-less

Meaning: Without

-like

Meaning: Similar to, like

-ous

Meaning: Full of

-some

Meaning: A tendency to

word	suffix	new word
child	-ish	childish
<u>work</u>	-er	worker
<u>taste</u>	-less	tasteless
<u>idol</u>	-ize/-ise	idolize/idolise
<u>like</u>	-able	<u>likeable</u>

The addition of a suffix often changes a word from one word class to another. In the table above, the verb *like* becomes the adjective *likeable*, the noun *idol* becomes the verb *idolize*, and the noun *child* becomes the adjective *childish*.

Word creation with prefixes and suffixes

Some prefixes and suffixes are part of our living language, in that people regularly use them to create new words for modern products, concepts, or situations. For example:

word	prefix or suffix	new word
security	bio-	biosecurity
clutter	de-	declutter
media	multi-	multimedia
email	-er	emailer