

## PREPOSITIONS



aboard about above across after against

# PREPOSITION

a word that shows relationship

before behind below beneath beside by

#### Preposition:

#### **Definition:**

A <u>Preposition</u> is a word or a group of words used in a <u>sentence</u> before the noun, pronoun, or phrase to express the location, place, time, distance, and direction to complete. There are eight different types of prepositions.

examples: above, at, around, about, between, below, behind, into, near, in, on, of, to, toward, under, within, with etc.

Basically there are five types of prepositions:

#### **Simple Prepositions**

Simple prepositions are words like **at**, **for**, **in**, **off**, **on**, **over**, and **under**. These common prepositions can be used to describe a location, time or place.

Some examples of <u>common prepositions</u> used in sentences are:

- •He sat on the chair.
- •There is some milk in the fridge.
- •She was hiding under the table.
- •The cat jumped *off* the counter.

#### **Double Prepositions**

Double prepositions are two simple prepositions used together, often indicating direction.

Some examples are into, upon, onto, out of, from within.

- •Once *upon* a time, there was a beautiful princess.
- •The baby climbed *onto* the table.
- •It is *up to* us to find the answer.
- •The loud noise came from within the stadium.
- •She never leaves without her phone.

#### **Compound Prepositions**

Compound prepositions (or complex prepositions) consist of two or more words, usually a simple preposition and another word, to convey location.

Some examples are in addition to, on behalf of, and in the middle of.

- •She sat *across from* Marie.
- •I attended the meeting on behalf of my company.
- •We were *in the middle of* the storm.
- •He has gym class in addition to his regular classes today.

#### **Participle Prepositions**

Participle prepositions have endings such as -ed and -ing.

Examples are words such as **considering**, **during**, **concerning**, **provided**.

- •She is interested in anything concerning horses.
- •He works one job *during* the day and another at night.
- •The dog kept following him home.
- •All the neighbors were there including the new one.
- •The principal was asking questions regarding her behavior.

#### **Phrase Prepositions**

Phrase prepositions (or <u>prepositional phrases</u>) include a preposition, an object, and the object's modifier.

Examples include phrases like **on time**, **at home**, **before class**, and **or the floor**.

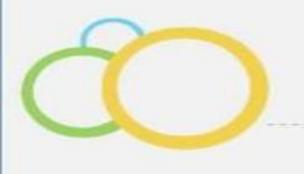
- •I will get to the conference on time.
- •The baseball game was canceled after the heavy rain.
- •John found his homework under the bed.
- •The children loved the gifts from their grandparents.
- •He succeeded with a little help.

#### NOTES:----

#### **Using Prepositions**

- ✓ Prepositions are words that show relationships.
- ✓ A sentence would not make sense without the use of a preposition.
- ✓ There are different types of prepositions used in the English language that not only add detail but make a sentence complete.
- ✓ Prepositions are used to show location, time, direction, cause and possession.

## CONGRATULATIONS! You just learned TYPES OF PREPOSITIONS on the **BASIS OF FUNCTIONALITY**



# THANK YOU &

### HAPPY LEARNING

